



Lennox Lily
Lilium 'Lennox'

Height: 30 inches

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 10 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Group/Class: Asiatic Hybrid

Description:

Very clean white flowers with none of the typical spots on the petals, chocolate anthers; petals are slightly recurved; excellent choice for evening and moon gardens

Ornamental Features

Lennox Lily features bold white trumpet-shaped flowers with dark brown anthers at the ends of the stems in early summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its narrow leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Lennox Lily is an herbaceous perennial with a rigidly upright and towering form. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects
- Disease

Lennox Lily is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



Lennox Lily flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Lennox Lily will grow to be about 26 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 10 inches apart. It tends to be leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and should be underplanted with lower-growing perennials. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by multiplication of the underground bulbs; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.