



Cripps Spruce

Picea abies 'Crippsii'

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight: ☐ ☒

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Norwegian Spruce

Description:

An extremely slow-growing dwarf conifer that eventually forms a dense, rounded mound of needles; a distinctive year-round character shrub for the textural garden composition, adaptable and hardy

Ornamental Features

Cripps Spruce is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its ornamental globe-shaped form. It has forest green evergreen foliage which emerges light green in spring. The needles remain forest green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Cripps Spruce is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub. When pruning is necessary, it is recommended to only trim back the new growth of the current season, other than to remove any dieback. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Cripps Spruce is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Cripps Spruce will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.



Cripps Spruce
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.