



Arabian Aloe

Aloe pseudorubroviolacea

Plant Height: 3 feet

Flower Height: 4 feet

Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight: ☐

Hardiness Zone: 9a

Description:

Stunning, large rosettes of succulent, toothed, sword shaped blue-green leaves, that may flush pink in cooler weather; produces erect racemes of tubular orange-red flowers in late winter to spring; a wonderful garden or container accent

Ornamental Features

Arabian Aloe features dainty racemes of orange tubular flowers with red overtones rising above the foliage from late winter to early spring. Its attractive large succulent sword-like leaves remain bluish-green in color with showy pink variegation and tinges of powder blue throughout the year.

Landscape Attributes

Arabian Aloe is an herbaceous evergreen perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its wonderfully bold, coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced garden composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and usually looks its best without pruning, although it will tolerate pruning. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spiny

Arabian Aloe is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use
- Container Planting



Arabian Aloe
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Arabian Aloe will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity extending to 4 feet tall with the flowers, with a spread of 6 feet. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more. As an evergreen perennial, this plant will typically keep its form and foliage year-round.

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in sandy soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division.

Arabian Aloe is a fine choice for the garden, but it is also a good selection for planting in outdoor pots and containers. With its upright habit of growth, it is best suited for use as a 'thriller' in the 'spiller-thriller-filler' container combination; plant it near the center of the pot, surrounded by smaller plants and those that spill over the edges. It is even sizeable enough that it can be grown alone in a suitable container. Note that when growing plants in outdoor containers and baskets, they may require more frequent waterings than they would in the yard or garden.