



Big Hit™ Red Hibiscus
Hibiscus 'Happa Red'

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5b

Other Names: Rose Mallow, Hardy Hibiscus

Description:

Large, luminous red flowers with yellow anthers in late summer to fall; ideal for the mixed garden border or in mass plantings; has very disease resistant foliage; beware of Japanese Beetles; do not allow to dry to wilting point



Big Hit Red Hibiscus flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Ornamental Features

Big Hit Red Hibiscus features bold red round flowers with yellow anthers along the stems from late summer to early fall. Its large serrated lobed leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Big Hit Red Hibiscus is an herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies and hummingbirds to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects
- Self-Seeding

Big Hit Red Hibiscus is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Big Hit Red Hibiscus will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 5 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.