## **Plant Finder**





Roseshell Azalea Rhododendron prinophyllum

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight: 0

Hardiness Zone: 3

#### **Description:**

Roseshell Azalea flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Clusters of small blooms that may be pink, purplish pink or rarely white cover this azalea in mid spring; an airy upright shrub that is great along borders; needs highly acidic and organic soil that is well drained

### **Ornamental Features**

Roseshell Azalea is bathed in stunning clusters of lightly-scented rose trumpet-shaped flowers with white overtones and a red blotch at the ends of the branches in mid spring before the leaves. It has bluish-green deciduous foliage. The narrow leaves turn an outstanding red in the fall.

### Landscape Attributes

Roseshell Azalea is an open multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Roseshell Azalea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

### **Planting & Growing**

Roseshell Azalea will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

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This shrub does best in a location that gets morning sunlight but is shaded from the hot afternoon sun, although it will also grow in partial shade. Keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is native to parts of North America.