





# Flamingo Honeysuckle Lonicera 'Flamingo'

Height: 8 feet Spread: 8 feet

Sunlight: 0

Hardiness Zone: 3

## **Description:**

An upright and bushy shrub valued for its very showy pink flowers in spring followed by bright red berries; can be underplanted with lower-growing shrubs; highly resistant to witches broom caused by aphids

#### **Ornamental Features**

Flamingo Honeysuckle is blanketed in stunning pink flowers with yellow anthers along the branches in late spring. It features an abundance of magnificent red berries from mid to late summer. It has green deciduous foliage. The oval leaves do not develop any appreciable fall color.



Flamingo Honeysuckle flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Landscape Attributes**

Flamingo Honeysuckle is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies and hummingbirds to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Flamingo Honeysuckle is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

## **Planting & Growing**

Flamingo Honeysuckle will grow to be about 8 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 8 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.





This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.