





# Meyeri Nana Spirea Spiraea x vanhouttei 'Meyeri Nana'

Height: 3 feet Spread: 4 feet Sunlight: •

Hardiness Zone: 3

Other Names: Bridalwreath Spirea

## **Description:**

A notably smaller version of the old favorite Vanhoutte spirea that's otherwise similar in all respects, with gracefully arching branches covered in masses of frothy white flowers in spring atop the foliage; an ideal size for the average garden



Meyeri Nana Spirea in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

#### **Ornamental Features**

Meyeri Nana Spirea is bathed in stunning white flowers held atop the branches from mid to late spring. It has bluish-green deciduous foliage. The small serrated lobed leaves do not develop any appreciable fall color.

## **Landscape Attributes**

Meyeri Nana Spirea is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with a shapely form and gracefully arching branches. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Meyeri Nana Spirea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

# **Planting & Growing**

Meyeri Nana Spirea will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years.





This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.