





# Dahurian Rhododendron Rhododendron dauricum

Height: 6 feet
Spread: 7 feet
Sunlight: 

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Hardiness Zone: 3

# **Description:**

A species rhododendron valued for its early-season purple to mauve-pink flowers in clusters atop the evergreen foliage, and its extreme hardiness; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil, use plenty of peat moss when planting



Dahurian Rhododendron flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

#### **Ornamental Features**

Dahurian Rhododendron features showy clusters of violet trumpet-shaped flowers with pink overtones at the ends of the branches in early spring. It has dark green evergreen foliage. The glossy narrow leaves turn an outstanding purple in the fall, which persists throughout the winter.

## **Landscape Attributes**

Dahurian Rhododendron is an open multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Dahurian Rhododendron is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

### **Planting & Growing**

Dahurian Rhododendron will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 7 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.





This shrub does best in a location that gets morning sunlight but is shaded from the hot afternoon sun, although it will also grow in partial shade. Keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is not originally from North America.