



Seasons in the Sun Hosta

Hosta 'Seasons In The Sun'

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Spacing: 4 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 2

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

A beautiful variety perfect for shaded beds, borders and containers; dense mounds of bright, golden yellow leaves with wavy margins add texture, color and contrast; near white flowers appear in the mid summer months; low maintenance

Ornamental Features

Seasons in the Sun Hosta features dainty spikes of white tubular flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive large textured pointy leaves remain gold in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Seasons in the Sun Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Seasons in the Sun Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



Seasons in the Sun Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Seasons in the Sun Hosta will grow to be about 28 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 4 feet apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to full shade. Keep it well away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. This plant does not require much in the way of fertilizing once established. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.