



**Lutea Nana Lawson Falsecypress**  
*Chamaecyparis lawsoniana 'Lutea Nana'*

Height: 6 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5

Other Names: Port Orford Cedar, Oregon Cedar

**Description:**

A dense conical selection, with brilliant gold sprays of fine foliage year-round; takes on a bronze cast in winter; very slow growing, remains dwarf and compact without pruning; ideal for borders or as a garden accent

**Ornamental Features**

Lutea Nana Lawson Falsecypress is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its distinctively pyramidal habit of growth. It has attractive bluish-green-variegated gold foliage with hints of creamy white which emerges yellow in spring. The scale-like sprays of foliage are highly ornamental and turn coppery-bronze in the fall, which persists throughout the winter. The shaggy antique red bark adds an interesting dimension to the landscape.

**Landscape Attributes**

Lutea Nana Lawson Falsecypress is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. It lends an extremely fine and delicate texture to the landscape composition which can make it a great accent feature on this basis alone.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Lutea Nana Lawson Falsecypress is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Vertical Accent
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



*Lutea Nana Lawson Falsecypress foliage*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Planting & Growing**

Lutea Nana Lawson Falsecypress will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.