



Chivila Palm
Attalea colenda

Height: 80 feet

Spread: 40 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 10

Other Names: Colenda Oil Palm

Description:

An absolutely stunning palm that is rare in cultivation; distinguished because it self-cleans by shedding dead leaves; use as a large landscape accent or avenue tree in frost free climates

Ornamental Features

Chivila Palm has attractive dark green evergreen foliage on a tree with the bulk of the canopy held atop a towering trunk or stem. The large glossy narrow pinnately compound leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter. The rough gray bark is extremely showy and adds significant winter interest.

Landscape Attributes

Chivila Palm is an open evergreen tree with a strong central leader and a towering form, with a high canopy of foliage concentrated at the top of the plant. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and usually looks its best without pruning, although it will tolerate pruning. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Chivila Palm is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade
- Hedges/Screening



Chivila Palm
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Chivila Palm will grow to be about 80 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 40 feet. It has a high canopy of foliage that sits well above the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. As it matures, the lower branches of this tree can be strategically removed to create a high enough canopy to support unobstructed human traffic underneath. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live to a ripe old age of 150 years or more; think of this as a heritage tree for future generations!

This tree should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America..