



Lafayette Crapemyrtle
Lagerstroemia indica 'Lafayette'

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 6

Other Names: Crape Myrtle, Crepe Myrtle

Description:

This low growing, miniature weeping variety is covered in elegant white to pale lavender blooms from late spring into fall; red, orange, and gold fall foliage; excellent for hanging baskets or containers; root hardy to zone 6, remove dieback in spring

Ornamental Features

Lafayette Crapemyrtle is smothered in stunning panicles of lavender frilly flowers at the ends of the branches from early summer to early fall. It has attractive dark green deciduous foliage which emerges coppery-bronze in spring. The oval leaves are highly ornamental and turn harvest gold in fall.

Landscape Attributes

Lafayette Crapemyrtle is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Lafayette Crapemyrtle is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



Lafayette Crapemyrtle flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Lafayette Crapemyrtle in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Lafayette Crapemyrtle will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.