



**Ovata Aurea Variegated English Holly**  
*Ilex aquifolium 'Ovata Aurea'*

Height: 10 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 6

Other Names: Common Holly

**Description:**

A distinctive variegated holly with oval, dark green leaves edged in yellow, growing on brick-red branches; slow growing with a rounded habit; male cultivar

**Ornamental Features**

Ovata Aurea Variegated English Holly is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its ornamental globe-shaped form. It has attractive dark green foliage edged in yellow. The spiny oval leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

**Landscape Attributes**

Ovata Aurea Variegated English Holly is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects
- Disease

Ovata Aurea Variegated English Holly is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Vertical Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- Topiary



*Ovata Aurea Variegated English  
Holly foliage*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### Planting & Growing

Ovata Aurea Variegated English Holly will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.