Plant Finder





Makino Bamboo Phyllostachys makinoi

Height: 40 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight: O O

Hardiness Zone: 6

Group/Class: Timber Bamboo

Description:

This popular variety is striking, with emerging culms that are covered with a pale blue powder for several months before fading to olive; will grow quite tall in ideal conditions; very impressive along borders or as a focal point, but must be controlled

Ornamental Features

Makino Bamboo is primarily valued in the landscape for its pronouncedly upright and towering form. Its pointy leaves remain light green in color throughout the year. The olive green stems are very colorful and add to the overall interest of the plant.

Landscape Attributes

Makino Bamboo is an herbaceous evergreen perennial with a rigidly upright and towering form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a high maintenance plant that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spreading

Makino Bamboo is recommended for the following landscape applications;



Makino Bamboo Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Makino Bamboo bark Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Makino Bamboo will grow to be about 40 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to be leggy, with a typical clearance of 6 feet from the ground, and should be underplanted with lower-growing perennials. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years. As an evegreen perennial, this plant will typically keep its form and foliage year-round.

This plant performs well in both full sun and full shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division.