



Ross Moore Ginkgo
Ginkgo biloba 'Ross Moore'

Height: 15 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 4

Other Names: Maidenhair Tree

Description:

This is a dwarf ginkgo tree with distinctive, light green fan-shaped leaves; a low, strongly weeping habit with bright yellow hues in fall; very slow growing, but mature height and is undetermined

Ornamental Features

Ross Moore Ginkgo is primarily valued in the landscape for its highly ornamental weeping form. It has emerald green deciduous foliage. The fan-shaped leaves turn an outstanding yellow in the fall.

Landscape Attributes

Ross Moore Ginkgo is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with a rounded form and gracefully weeping branches. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Ross Moore Ginkgo is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Vertical Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



Ross Moore Ginkgo
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Ross Moore Ginkgo foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Ross Moore Ginkgo will grow to be about 15 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist locations, and should do just fine under average home landscape conditions. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.