



## Golden Sun Magnolia

*Magnolia 'Golden Sun'*

Height: 20 feet

Spread: 18 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 5

### Description:

An exquisitely beautiful magnolia whose flowers are a luminous lemon yellow; a small tree or large shrub with a pyramidal form and large, relatively coarse leaves; flowers later in spring; an ideal landscape or garden accent

### Ornamental Features

Golden Sun Magnolia is covered in stunning fragrant lemon yellow cup-shaped flowers held atop the branches in mid spring before the leaves. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The large pointy leaves turn coppery-bronze in fall.

### Landscape Attributes

Golden Sun Magnolia is a deciduous tree with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Golden Sun Magnolia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade
- Hedges/Screening



*Golden Sun Magnolia flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Golden Sun Magnolia in bloom*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Planting & Growing**

Golden Sun Magnolia will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 18 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.