





Osage Orange Maclura pomifera

Height: 60 feet

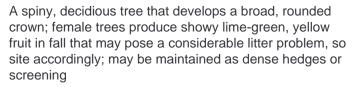
Spread: 60 feet

Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 4

Other Names: Hedge Apple, Horse Apple

### **Description:**



#### **Ornamental Features**

Osage Orange has dark green deciduous foliage on a tree with a round habit of growth. The glossy pointy leaves turn an outstanding yellow in the fall. However, the fruit can be messy in the landscape and may require occasional clean-up.

#### Landscape Attributes

Osage Orange is a dense deciduous tree with a more or less rounded form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned in summer after the leaves have fully developed, as it may 'bleed' sap if pruned in late winter or early spring. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Messy

Osage Orange is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade



Osage Orange Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Osage Orange fruit Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

# **Plant Finder**



## Planting & Growing

Osage Orange will grow to be about 60 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 60 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 5 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is native to parts of North America.