



Meadow Buttercup
Ranunculus acris

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 1

Other Names: Tall Buttercup

Description:

The tallest and most elegant of common buttercups; reaching up to three feet, and producing masses of stunning yellow double flowers all season long, great for naturalizing, borders, or containers

Ornamental Features

Meadow Buttercup has masses of beautiful double yellow round flowers at the ends of the stems from mid spring to mid fall, which are most effective when planted in groupings. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its serrated lobed leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Meadow Buttercup is an herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

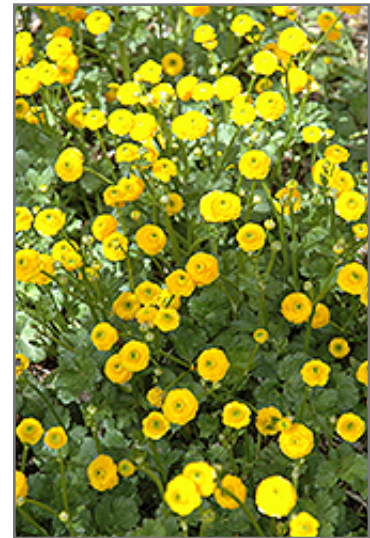
This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Meadow Buttercup is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Meadow Buttercup will grow to be about 30 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 5 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!



Meadow Buttercup in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division.