Plant Finder





Katherine Alison Azalea Rhododendron 'Katherine Alison'

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 6b

Other Names: Katherine Allison Azalea

Group/Class: Aromi Hybrid

Description:

An evergreen variety that bears spectacular cherry red blooms with dark red freckled upper lobes, from early to mid spring; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil, use plenty of peat moss when planting

Ornamental Features

Katherine Alison Azalea is bathed in stunning clusters of cherry red trumpet-shaped flowers with dark red spots at the ends of the branches from early to mid spring. It has dark green evergreen foliage which emerges chartreuse in spring. The glossy oval leaves remain dark green throughout the winter.



Katherine Alison Azalea in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Katherine Alison Azalea flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Landscape Attributes

Katherine Alison Azalea is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Katherine Alison Azalea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



Planting & Growing

Katherine Alison Azalea will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.