



Miss Patricia Holly
Ilex x latifolia 'Dapat'

Height: 10 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 6a

Other Names: Lustreleaf Holly

Description:

Very lustrous, dark green, evergreen foliage with spiny edges; brilliant, bright red fruit adds color to the fall and winter landscape; does best in evenly moist, acidic soil; has an attractive, compact pyramidal growth habit

Ornamental Features

Miss Patricia Holly is primarily grown for its highly ornamental fruit. It features an abundance of magnificent red berries in early fall. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage which emerges chartreuse in spring. The spiny oval leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Miss Patricia Holly is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds and bees to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Miss Patricia Holly is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



Miss Patricia Holly foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Miss Patricia Holly will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for rich, acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.