



Snowtip Arborvitae
Thuja occidentalis 'Snowtip'

Height: 6 feet

Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Eastern White Cedar

Description:

A conical evergreen shrub for home landscapes that displays dark green foliage with white variegation; makes a dramatic accent for border and garden areas, hardy and adaptable, takes pruning well; best with some sun, protect from drying winds

Ornamental Features

Snowtip Arborvitae is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its distinctively pyramidal habit of growth. It has attractive white-tipped green foliage. The scale-like sprays of foliage are highly ornamental and remain green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Snowtip Arborvitae is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub. When pruning is necessary, it is recommended to only trim back the new growth of the current season, other than to remove any dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Snowtip Arborvitae is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Vertical Accent
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



Snowtip Arborvitae
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Snowtip Arborvitae foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Snowtip Arborvitae will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 6 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.