



**Coastal Sage Scrub Oak**  
*Quercus dumosa*

Height: 10 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 8b

Other Names: Nuttall's Scrub Oak

**Description:**

A small, slow growing and long lived evergreen shrub that eventually forms a dense mounded habit with small, leathery oval leaves with toothed, spiny edges; small, narrow acorns are enjoyed by wildlife; provide occasional summer water until established

**Ornamental Features**

Coastal Sage Scrub Oak has dark green evergreen foliage on a plant with a mounded habit of growth. The small spiny oval leaves remain dark green throughout the winter. It produces tan acorns with olive green blush from mid summer to mid fall. The fruit can be messy if allowed to drop on the lawn or walkways, and may require occasional clean-up. The smooth gray bark adds an interesting dimension to the landscape.

**Landscape Attributes**

Coastal Sage Scrub Oak is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a mounded form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds and squirrels to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Messy

Coastal Sage Scrub Oak is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



*Coastal Sage Scrub Oak*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Planting & Growing**

Coastal Sage Scrub Oak will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live to a ripe old age of 150 years or more; think of this as a heritage shrub for future generations!

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for xeriscaping or the moisture-conserving landscape. This plant does not require much in the way of fertilizing once established. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in sandy soils, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This species is native to parts of North America.