



New Zealand Rose
Rosa 'MACgenev'

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 7a

Group/Class: Hybrid Tea Rose

Description:

This exceptional variety produces elegant soft pink flowers with tones of salmon; blooms in flushes all season, on an upright habit with strong stems; an outstanding landscape rose; perfect for sunny foundations, mixed borders and cutting gardens

Ornamental Features

New Zealand Rose features showy fragrant shell pink flowers with salmon overtones and gold eyes at the ends of the branches from late spring to mid fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. It has dark green deciduous foliage which emerges chartreuse in spring. The glossy oval compound leaves do not develop any appreciable fall color.

Landscape Attributes

New Zealand Rose is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a high maintenance shrub that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Disease
- Spiny

New Zealand Rose is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



New Zealand Rose flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

New Zealand Rose will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.