



Spring Fleecing Fringetree
Chionanthus virginicus 'Spring Fleecing'

Height: 20 feet

Spread: 20 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5b

Other Names: Fringe Tree

Description:

A strikingly beautiful small multi-stemmed tree when in bloom, with frothy upright panicles of very fine strap-like flowers in spring atop the foliage, also attractive berries in fall and interesting bark for winter value; a wonderful landscape accent

Ornamental Features

Spring Fleecing Fringetree is clothed in stunning panicles of fragrant white strap-like flowers rising above the foliage in late spring. It has forest green deciduous foliage. The glossy narrow leaves turn yellow in fall. It produces navy blue berries from early to late fall. The peeling gray bark adds an interesting dimension to the landscape.

Landscape Attributes

Spring Fleecing Fringetree is a multi-stemmed deciduous tree with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Spring Fleecing Fringetree is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



Spring Fleecing Fringetree flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Spring Fleecing Fringetree in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Spring Fleecing Fringetree will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 20 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 70 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It is an amazingly adaptable plant, tolerating both dry conditions and even some standing water. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.