

Spring Snow Magnolia



Spring Snow Magnolia *Magnolia x loebneri* 'Spring Snow'

Height: 25 feet

Spread: 25 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 4a



Spring Snow Magnolia flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

An extremely attractive hybrid magnolia, known for its early spring bloom with froths of large fragrant snow-white flowers and picturesque habit of growth; flowers from a young age, excellent size for home landscape use, great against a colored wall

Ornamental Features

Spring Snow Magnolia is blanketed in stunning fragrant white star-shaped flowers with yellow eyes at the ends of the branches in mid spring before the leaves. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The pointy leaves turn coppery-bronze in fall. The fruits are showy pink pods displayed from early to mid fall.

Landscape Attributes

Spring Snow Magnolia is a deciduous tree with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Spring Snow Magnolia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent

Planting & Growing

Spring Snow Magnolia will grow to be about 25 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 25 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.