

Stonegate Gardens

339 South Great R

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www.stonegategardens.com

Seagrape



Seagrape

Coccoloba uvifera

Height: 40 feet

Spread: 50 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 10a

Other Names: Baygrape

Description:

A coastal evergreen tree native to tropical America and the Caribbean; large round, leathery green leaves turn bright red before they are replaced by bronze new foliage in winter; edible grapes on female trees only, ripen in late summer

Edible Qualities

Seagrape is a large tree that is commonly grown for its edible qualities, although it does have ornamental merits as well. It produces small clusters of red round fruit with a purple blush which are typically harvested when mature. The fruit will often fade to deep purple over time. The fruits have a tart taste and a fleshy texture.

The fruit are most often used in the following ways:

- Preserves

Features & Attributes

Seagrape has attractive grayish green foliage with red veins which emerges coppery-bronze in spring on a tree with a round habit of growth. The large round leaves are highly ornamental and turn outstanding shades of orange and in the fall, which persists throughout the winter. It features subtle clusters of creamy white flowers at the ends of the branches from late winter to late spring. It produces abundant clusters of red grapes with purple blush from mid summer to early fall, which fade to deep purple over time. The smooth gray bark adds an interesting dimension to the landscape.



Seagrape

Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



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This is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen tree with a more or less rounded form. Its strikingly bold and coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced landscape composition. This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and can be pruned at anytime. It is a good choice for attracting birds, butterflies and squirrels to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Aside from its primary use as an edible, Seagrape is suitable for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- Windbreaks and Shelterbelts
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Seagrape will grow to be about 40 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 50 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more. This is a dioecious species, meaning that individual plants are either male or female. Only the females will produce fruit, and a male variety of the same species is required nearby as a pollinator.

This tree can be integrated into a landscape or flower garden by creative gardeners, but is usually grown in a designated edibles garden. It does best in full sun to partial shade. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist growing conditions, but will not tolerate any standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for xeriscaping or the moisture-conserving landscape. This plant will benefit from an application of bonemeal and/or mycorrhizal fertilizer at the time of planting. It is not particular as to soil type or pH, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is native to parts of North America.

This plant is not reliably hardy in our region, and certain restrictions may apply; contact the store for more information.



Seagrape fruit

Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder