

Tortuga Iris



Tortuga Iris *Iris 'Tortuga'*

Plant Height: 10 inches

Flower Height: 16 inches

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 10 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 2b

Group/Class: Standard Dwarf Bearded

Ornamental Features

Tortuga Iris has masses of beautiful lilac purple flag-like flowers with purple overtones, yellow throats and a white beard at the ends of the stems in mid spring, which are most effective when planted in groupings. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its sword-like leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Tortuga Iris is an herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Tortuga Iris is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use



Tortuga Iris flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Stonegate Gardens

Tortuga Iris

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Planting & Growing

Tortuga Iris will grow to be about 10 inches tall at maturity extending to 16 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 10 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.