

Stonegate Gardens

339 South Great R

Lincoln, MA, 01773

phone: 781-259-8884

lynne@stonegategardens.com

www.stonegategardens.com

Strawberry Sundae Azalea



Strawberry Sundae Azalea *Rhododendron 'Strawberry Sundae'*

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5b

Group/Class: Aromi Hybrid

Description:

An evergreen variety that bears soft pink and white blooms with gold blotches in mid spring; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil, use plenty of peat moss when planting

Ornamental Features

Strawberry Sundae Azalea is bathed in stunning clusters of pink trumpet-shaped flowers with white overtones and a gold blotch at the ends of the branches in mid spring, which emerge from distinctive crimson flower buds. It has forest green deciduous foliage which emerges light green in spring. The oval leaves turn yellow in fall.

Landscape Attributes

Strawberry Sundae Azalea is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Strawberry Sundae Azalea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Strawberry Sundae Azalea will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.



Strawberry Sundae Azalea flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.