

Stonegate Gardens

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www.stonegategardens.com

Creme Upstar Tulip



Creme Upstar Tulip

Tulipa 'Creme Upstar'

Height: 16 inches

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 6 inches

Sunlight: ☉

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Double Late Tulip



Creme Upstar Tulip flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

A lovely variety producing pale yellow double blooms softly edged with touches of green and rose; this selection is visually stunning when massed in the garden or containers

Ornamental Features

Creme Upstar Tulip has masses of beautiful buttery yellow cup-shaped flowers with white overtones, gold eyes and rose edges at the ends of the stems from mid to late spring, which are most effective when planted in groupings. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its sword-like leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Creme Upstar Tulip is an herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Creme Upstar Tulip is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

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Planting & Growing

Creme Upstar Tulip will grow to be about 14 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 6 inches apart. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen! As this plant tends to go dormant in summer, it is best interplanted with late-season bloomers to hide the dying foliage.

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by multiplication of the underground bulbs; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.