

# Stonegate Gardens

## Salt Lake Sea Lavender

339 South Great R

Lincoln, MA, 01773

phone: 781-259-8884

lynne@stonegategardens.com

www.stonegategardens.com



### Salt Lake Sea Lavender

*Limonium 'Salt Lake'*

Height: 18 inches

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 8 inches

Sunlight: ☉

Hardiness Zone: (annual)

Other Names: Statice

#### Description:

A tremendous drought tolerant variety producing white and lavender-violet clusters of papery blooms that are one of the most popular dried flowers; perfect for full sun gardens, borders and rock gardens

#### Ornamental Features

Salt Lake Sea Lavender features showy plumes of lavender flowers with white overtones and violet calyces at the ends of the stems from late spring to mid fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its narrow leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

#### Landscape Attributes

Salt Lake Sea Lavender is a dense herbaceous annual with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Salt Lake Sea Lavender is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



*Salt Lake Sea Lavender flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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### Planting & Growing

Salt Lake Sea Lavender will grow to be about 18 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 8 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. Although it's not a true annual, this plant can be expected to behave as an annual in our climate if left outdoors over the winter, usually needing replacement the following year. As such, gardeners should take into consideration that it will perform differently than it would in its native habitat.

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in sandy soils, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.