

Little Heath Green Japanese Pieris



Little Heath Green Japanese Pieris *Pieris japonica 'Little Heath Green'*

Height: 30 inches

Spread: 30 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Other Names: Japanese Andromeda

Description:

A distinctive dome shaped and dense shrub with small bright red emerging leaves that turn dark green; grown more for foliage, flowers are few to none; performs best in moist, organic and acidic soils

Ornamental Features

Little Heath Green Japanese Pieris features dainty chains of white bell-shaped flowers hanging below the branches in early spring. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage which emerges scarlet in spring. The small glossy narrow leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Little Heath Green Japanese Pieris is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Little Heath Green Japanese Pieris is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Little Heath Green Japanese Pieris will grow to be about 30 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 30 inches. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.



Little Heath Green Japanese Pieris foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets.