

# Wallitsch Nursery And Garden Center

2608 Hikes Lane  
Louisville, KY, 40218  
phone: 502-454-3553  
www.wallitsch.net

## Tama No Hada Azalea

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**Tama No Hada Azalea**  
*Rhododendron 'Tama no Hada'*

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 6a

Group/Class: Satsuki Hybrid



*Tama No Hada Azalea flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### Description:

An evergreen variety that bears huge, pink and white blooms at the same time, in late spring; great for containers; foliage remains lush green all year; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil

### Ornamental Features

Tama No Hada Azalea is bathed in stunning clusters of pink trumpet-shaped flowers with white overtones and red spots at the ends of the branches in late spring. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage. The glossy oval leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

### Landscape Attributes

Tama No Hada Azalea is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Tama No Hada Azalea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

### Planting & Growing

Tama No Hada Azalea will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

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This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.