

## Grand Prix Rhododendron

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**Grand Prix Rhododendron**  
*Rhododendron catawbiense 'Grand Prix'*

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Other Names: Catawba Rhododendron

### Description:

A superb broadleaf evergreen showcase shrub with soft lavender-pink flowers in spring and a compact rounded habit, quite hardy, good in partial shade; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil, use plenty of peat moss when planting

### Ornamental Features

Grand Prix Rhododendron is blanketed in stunning clusters of rose trumpet-shaped flowers with white centers at the ends of the branches in mid spring, which emerge from distinctive purple flower buds. It has green evergreen foliage. The large narrow leaves remain green throughout the winter.

### Landscape Attributes

Grand Prix Rhododendron is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Grand Prix Rhododendron is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

### Planting & Growing

Grand Prix Rhododendron will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.



*Grand Prix Rhododendron in bloom*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.