

## Wildfire Milkweed



### Wildfire Milkweed

*Asclepias curassavica* 'Wildfire'

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: (annual)

Other Names: Blood-flower, Indian Root, Butterfly Weed

#### Description:

Fabulous plant for attracting butterflies and hummingbirds; unusual and showy bicolored five-petaled flowers with bright yellow centers and orange-red petals; adapts well to most soil types; readily re-seeds; roots are hardier

#### Ornamental Features

Wildfire Milkweed features unusual red flat-top recurved flowers with yellow eyes at the ends of the stems from mid to late summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its narrow leaves emerge red in spring, turning dark green in colour with hints of brick red the rest of the year.

#### Landscape Attributes

Wildfire Milkweed is an herbaceous annual with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies and hummingbirds to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Self-Seeding

Wildfire Milkweed is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



Wildfire Milkweed flowers  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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### Planting & Growing

Wildfire Milkweed will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to be leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and should be underplanted with lower-growing perennials. Although it's not a true annual, this plant can be expected to behave as an annual in our climate if left outdoors over the winter, usually needing replacement the following year. As such, gardeners should take into consideration that it will perform differently than it would in its native habitat.

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist growing conditions, but will not tolerate any standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.