

Lakeshore Garden Centres

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Powdery Thalia



Powdery Thalia

Thalia dealbata

Plant Height: 6 feet

Flower Height: 10 feet

Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: (annual)

Other Names: Hardy Canna, Powdery Alligator Flag

Description:

This evergreen, marginal aquatic plant forms a clump of long-stalked, erect, narrowly oval leaves covered in white powder; produces slender stems with small clusters of purple flowers in summer; great for rich, wet soils or on a pond perimeter

Ornamental Features

Powdery Thalia features dainty spikes of violet flag-like flowers at the ends of the stems in mid summer, which emerge from distinctive deep purple flower buds. Its attractive large oval leaves remain bluish-green in colour with distinctive light green veins throughout the year.

Landscape Attributes

Powdery Thalia is an herbaceous annual with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its wonderfully bold, coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced garden composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. It is a good choice for attracting bees and butterflies to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Powdery Thalia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Water Gardens
- Bog Gardens



Powdery Thalia flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Powdery Thalia in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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Planting & Growing

Powdery Thalia will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity extending to 10 feet tall with the flowers, with a spread of 6 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground. Although it's not a true annual, this fast-growing plant can be expected to behave as an annual in our climate if left outdoors over the winter, usually needing replacement the following year. As such, gardeners should take into consideration that it will perform differently than it would in its native habitat.

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers to grow in moist to wet soil, and will even tolerate some standing water. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is native to parts of North America. It can be propagated by division.