



George Reynolds Azalea
Rhododendron 'George Reynolds'

Height: 10 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5b

Group/Class: Knap Hill Hybrids

Description:

Generous clusters of immense yellow blooms adorn this majestic shrub in mid to late spring and the leaves turn a beautiful copper- burgundy in fall; must have well drained, highly acidic and organic soil

Ornamental Features

George Reynolds Azalea is covered in stunning clusters of lightly-scented yellow trumpet-shaped flowers with a orange blotch at the ends of the branches from mid to late spring, which emerge from distinctive peach flower buds before the leaves. It has green deciduous foliage. The narrow leaves turn an outstanding coppery-bronze in the fall.

Landscape Attributes

George Reynolds Azalea is an open multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

George Reynolds Azalea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

George Reynolds Azalea will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.



George Reynolds Azalea flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.