



**Conestoga Crapemyrtle**  
*Lagerstroemia 'Conestoga'*

Height: 20 feet

Spread: 20 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 6b

Other Names: Crape Myrtle, Crepe Myrtle

**Description:**

This attractive ornamental shrub or small tree is covered in lovely pink blooms in summer, followed by red-maroon fall foliage; a captivating focal point for the garden or border

**Ornamental Features**

Conestoga Crapemyrtle is bathed in stunning panicles of pink frilly flowers at the ends of the branches from early summer to early fall. It has attractive dark green deciduous foliage which emerges burgundy in spring. The oval leaves are highly ornamental and turn harvest gold in fall.

**Landscape Attributes**

Conestoga Crapemyrtle is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous tree with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Conestoga Crapemyrtle is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



*Conestoga Crapemyrtle flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Conestoga Crapemyrtle in bloom*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Planting & Growing**

Conestoga Crapemyrtle will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 20 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.