



**Manchu Fan Magnolia**  
*Magnolia 'Manchu Fan'*

Height: 15 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 4b

**Description:**

A stunning magnolia that produces luminous white blooms with pink flushes at the centers; a small tree with an upright columnar form and large relatively coarse leaves; flowers as foliage appears; an ideal landscape or garden accent

**Ornamental Features**

Manchu Fan Magnolia is covered in stunning fragrant white cup-shaped flowers with hot pink eyes held atop the branches in mid spring before the leaves. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The large pointy leaves turn coppery-bronze in fall.

**Landscape Attributes**

Manchu Fan Magnolia is a deciduous tree with a narrowly upright and columnar growth habit. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Manchu Fan Magnolia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



*Manchu Fan Magnolia flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Manchu Fan Magnolia in bloom*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Planting & Growing**

Manchu Fan Magnolia will grow to be about 15 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.