



Flore Pleno Trillium Trillium grandiflorum 'Flore Pleno'

Height: 10 inches Spread: 12 inches Spacing: 10 inches

Sunlight: **●**

Hardiness Zone: 4a

Description:

A remarkable and rare double petaled form of trillium; creates an elegant floral presentation in a woodland garden in spring; will make a nice sized clump in rich, well fertilized soil; needs two or three years to bloom

Ornamental Features

Flore Pleno Trillium features delicate white star-shaped flowers at the ends of the stems from early to mid spring. Its pointy leaves remain forest green in color throughout the season.



Flore Pleno Trillium flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Landscape Attributes

Flore Pleno Trillium is an open herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Flore Pleno Trillium is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Flore Pleno Trillium will grow to be about 8 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 10 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen! As this plant tends to go dormant in summer, it is best interplanted with late-season bloomers to hide the dying foliage.





This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in both summer and winter to conserve soil moisture and protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.