



Compact False Arborvitae
Thujaopsis dolabrata 'Compacta'

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ○ ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Other Names: Hiba Arborvitae, Elk Horn Cedar

Description:

A compact, mound-shaped evergreen shrub with golden new growth and shiny dark green summer foliage; tidy rounded form needs little pruning, a great evergreen accent for home gardens; closely related to the North American white cedar (arborvitae)

Ornamental Features

Compact False Arborvitae is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the garden for its ornamental globe-shaped form. It has dark green evergreen foliage which emerges gold in spring. The scale-like sprays of foliage remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Compact False Arborvitae is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub. When pruning is necessary, it is recommended to only trim back the new growth of the current season, other than to remove any dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Compact False Arborvitae is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use



Compact False Arborvitae
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Compact False Arborvitae will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 80 years or more.

This shrub performs well in both full sun and full shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for rich, acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.