



The Best of Every Season



Pixie Lily
Lilium 'Pixie'

Plant Height: 12 inches
Flower Height: 18 inches
Spread: 12 inches
Spacing: 10 inches
Sunlight: ☉ ●
Hardiness Zone: 2
Group/Class: Dwarf Asiatic



Pixie Lily flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Ornamental Features

Pixie Lily features bold shell pink trumpet-shaped flowers with yellow throats and pink tips at the ends of the stems in early summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its narrow leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Pixie Lily is an herbaceous perennial with a rigidly upright and towering form. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects
- Disease

Pixie Lily is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use



The Best of Every Season

Planting & Growing

Pixie Lily will grow to be about 12 inches tall at maturity extending to 18 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 10 inches apart. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by multiplication of the underground bulbs; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.