

Biloxi Crapemyrtle



Biloxi Crapemyrtle

Lagerstroemia 'Biloxi'

Height: 20 feet

Spread: 15 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 7b

Other Names: Crape Myrtle, Crepe Myrtle

Description:

Incredible light pink florets bloom luxuriously all summer long for a continuous stunning display; a small tree with a vase shaped crown; may suffer from chlorosis in alkaline soils

Ornamental Features

Biloxi Crapemyrtle is smothered in stunning panicles of pink frilly flowers at the ends of the branches from early to late summer. It has attractive dark green deciduous foliage which emerges coppery-bronze in spring. The oval leaves are highly ornamental and turn orange in fall.

Landscape Attributes

Biloxi Crapemyrtle is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous tree with a more or less rounded form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Biloxi Crapemyrtle is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Biloxi Crapemyrtle will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 15 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.



Biloxi Crapemyrtle flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Biloxi Crapemyrtle in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.