

## Tapering Glade Fern



### Tapering Glade Fern

*Deparia pycnosora*

Height: 3 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 4a

#### Description:

This yellow-green fern is aggressive and similar in appearance to New York fern, but larger; thrives in shady woodlands; its graceful fronds and finer texture make it a great addition to any garden

#### Ornamental Features

Tapering Glade Fern is primarily valued in the garden for its cascading habit of growth. Its tomentose ferny leaves remain light green in colour throughout the season.

#### Landscape Attributes

Tapering Glade Fern is an herbaceous fern with a shapely form and gracefully arching fronds. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a high maintenance plant that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spreading

Tapering Glade Fern is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

#### Planting & Growing

Tapering Glade Fern will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!



*Tapering Glade Fern*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone over the growing season to conserve soil moisture. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division.