

Early Lilac



Early Lilac

Syringa oblata 'var. *dilatata*'

Height: 12 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 2b

Other Names: Korean Early Lilac

Description:

A large flowering shrub valued for its fragrant panicles of pale purple flowers in early spring, extremely attractive in bloom; upright and bushy, tough and adaptable, good for massing or as a windbreak barrier; needs full sun and well-drained soil

Ornamental Features

Early Lilac features showy panicles of fragrant lilac purple flowers rising above the foliage in late spring. The flowers are excellent for cutting. It has dark green deciduous foliage which emerges coppery-bronze in spring. The heart-shaped leaves turn an outstanding deep purple in the fall.

Landscape Attributes

Early Lilac is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Early Lilac is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use
- Windbreaks and Shelterbelts



Early Lilac flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Early Lilac in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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Planting & Growing

Early Lilac will grow to be about 12 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist locations, and should do just fine under average home landscape conditions. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.