

May Bouquet Fothergilla



May Bouquet Fothergilla *Fothergilla monticola* 'KLMsixteen'

Height: 8 feet

Spread: 5 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Other Names: Mountain Witch Alder, Alabama Fothergilla

Description:

A large upright fothergilla which produces the largest showy white "bottle-brush" flowers in spring at the ends of the bare branches of all species, spectacular fall colors; dense habit, prefers light acidic soils; a truly all-purpose landscape plant

Ornamental Features

May Bouquet Fothergilla features showy spikes of fragrant white flowers rising above the foliage in mid spring before the leaves. It has bluish-green deciduous foliage. The round leaves turn an outstanding gold in the fall.

Landscape Attributes

May Bouquet Fothergilla is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Suckering

May Bouquet Fothergilla is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



May Bouquet Fothergilla flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



May Bouquet Fothergilla in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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Planting & Growing

May Bouquet Fothergilla will grow to be about 8 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 5 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This is a selection of a native North American species.