

## Candelabrum Agave



### Candelabrum Agave *Agave bracteosa*

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 8a

Other Names: Spider Agave



*Candelabrum Agave*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### Description:

A slow growing, spineless variety with long, light green, narrow leaves that emerge vertically and arch back; suckers gradually to form a dense stand; distinctive white flowers when rosettes mature; a great visual accent for rockeries or dry gardens

### Ornamental Features

Candelabrum Agave features bold spikes of white cup-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in late winter. It has attractive light green evergreen foliage. The succulent narrow leaves are highly ornamental and remain light green throughout the winter.

### Landscape Attributes

Candelabrum Agave is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and usually looks its best without pruning, although it will tolerate pruning. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Suckering

Candelabrum Agave is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use
- Container Planting

### Planting & Growing

Candelabrum Agave will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years.

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This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for xeriscaping or the moisture-conserving landscape. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in poor soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This species is native to parts of North America. It can be propagated by multiplication of the underground bulbs.

Candelabrum Agave makes a fine choice for the outdoor landscape, but it is also well-suited for use in outdoor pots and containers. With its upright habit of growth, it is best suited for use as a 'thriller' in the 'spiller-thriller-filler' container combination; plant it near the center of the pot, surrounded by smaller plants and those that spill over the edges. It is even sizeable enough that it can be grown alone in a suitable container. Note that when grown in a container, it may not perform exactly as indicated on the tag - this is to be expected. Also note that when growing plants in outdoor containers and baskets, they may require more frequent waterings than they would in the yard or garden. Be aware that in our climate, most plants cannot be expected to survive the winter if left in containers outdoors, and this plant is no exception. Contact our experts for more information on how to protect it over the winter months.