

Douglas Iris



Douglas Iris
Iris douglasiana

Plant Height: 16 inches

Flower Height: 24 inches

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 8a

Other Names: Pacific Coast Iris



Douglas Iris flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

This knee high, native variety does well in coastal environments, but also thrives elsewhere with some attention; attractive lavender and purple blooms with yellow signals over clumping green foliage; great as a low groundcover

Ornamental Features

Douglas Iris features showy lavender flag-like flowers with purple overtones and a yellow blotch at the ends of the stems from early to late spring. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its sword-like leaves remain dark green in colour throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Douglas Iris is an herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Douglas Iris is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use

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Planting & Growing

Douglas Iris will grow to be about 16 inches tall at maturity extending to 24 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is native to parts of North America. It can be propagated by division.