

Kay Parris Magnolia



Kay Parris Magnolia *Magnolia grandiflora* 'Kay Parris'

Height: 30 feet

Spread: 15 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 7a

Other Names: Southern Magnolia

Description:

A beautiful flowering accent tree for smaller home landscapes, smothered in showy and fragrant white cup-shaped flowers in spring through summer; large glossy leaves with orange-brown undersides and a neat pyramidal habit of growth

Ornamental Features

Kay Parris Magnolia is smothered in stunning fragrant white cup-shaped flowers held atop the branches from late spring to mid summer. It has dark green foliage with coppery-bronze undersides which emerges pink in spring. The large glossy pointy leaves remain dark green throughout the winter. The fruits are showy red pods displayed from early to late fall.

Landscape Attributes

Kay Parris Magnolia is an evergreen tree with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Kay Parris Magnolia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade

Planting & Growing

Kay Parris Magnolia will grow to be about 30 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 15 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 70 years or more.



Kay Parris Magnolia
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

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This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.