

Weston's Lollipop Azalea



Weston's Lollipop Azalea *Rhododendron 'Weston's Lollipop'*

Height: 6 feet

Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 4a

Description:

Clusters of pretty pink blooms, with a lighter pink and yellow flare, in late spring; a compact rounded shrub with attractive leaves that turn red-orange in the fall; needs highly acidic and organic soil that is well drained

Ornamental Features

Weston's Lollipop Azalea is covered in stunning clusters of fragrant pink trumpet-shaped flowers with shell pink overtones and a yellow flare at the ends of the branches in late spring, which emerge from distinctive red flower buds. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The glossy narrow leaves turn an outstanding red in the fall.

Landscape Attributes

Weston's Lollipop Azalea is an open multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Weston's Lollipop Azalea is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Weston's Lollipop Azalea will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 6 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.



Weston's Lollipop Azalea flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Wilson's Lifestyle Centre

303 Owen Manor
Saskatoon, SK, S7V 0P1
phone: 306-955-9580
www.wilsonslifestyle.ca

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This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.