

Pacino Poppy



Pacino Poppy

Papaver nudicaule 'Pacino'

Plant Height: 6 inches

Flower Height: 8 inches

Spread: 10 inches

Spacing: 8 inches

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: Iceland Poppy, Arctic Poppy



Pacino Poppy flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

This miniature variety has great flower power, producing volumes of beautiful buttery blooms with yellow centers; a charming addition to rock gardens and borders

Ornamental Features

Pacino Poppy features bold buttery yellow round flowers with yellow centers at the ends of the stems from early spring to early summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its tomentose ferny leaves remain grayish green in colour throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Pacino Poppy is an open herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. It brings an extremely fine and delicate texture to the garden composition and should be used to full effect.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Self-Seeding

Pacino Poppy is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use

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Planting & Growing

Pacino Poppy will grow to be only 6 inches tall at maturity extending to 8 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 10 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 8 inches apart. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 3 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen! As this plant tends to go dormant in summer, it is best interplanted with late-season bloomers to hide the dying foliage.

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider covering it with a thick layer of mulch in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.